CANCER PREVENTION AND CONTROL BRANCH

2025

Breast Cancer

AWARENESS MONTH TOOLKIT









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Introduction

This toolkit is designed for NC Breast and Cervical Cancer Control Program (BCCCP) providers to encourage communication with their patients and community members about breast cancer. The resources in this toolkit will provide information on NC BCCCP, early detection, regular screening and genetic testing/knowing your family history.

You can tailor this messaging to your intended audience or audiences. Your organization offers unique strengths and expertise. Make sure to capitalize on them to make your campaign effective.

For more information or additional resources, contact Syeda Fatima Batool, Fatima.batool@dhhs.nc.gov

Sample Article

(Your organization) recognizes October as Breast Cancer Awareness month. Breast cancer is the most common type of cancer for women in the United States, apart from skin cancer.

While breast cancer related deaths have declined with advancements in treatment and care, it remains the second leading cause of cancer death in all women and the leading cause of cancer death in American Indian women. The NC State Center for Health Statistics projects that in 2025, more than 13,111 women in North Carolina will be diagnosed with breast cancer, and over 1,549 will die from this disease. (You may wish to include county projections instead: https://schs.dph.ncdhhs.gov/data/cancer/projections.htm)

Mammograms are the most effective screening tool to detect breast cancer early when it is easier to treat. Mammograms are X-ray pictures of your breasts that doctors use to look for early signs of breast cancer. Regular mammograms (also known as screening mammograms) can help doctors find breast cancer early, sometimes up to three years before it can be felt. Medicare, Medicaid, and most private insurance companies cover screening mammograms as part of routine preventive care. If you are uninsured or underinsured, you may qualify for a free mammogram through the North Carolina Breast and Cervical Cancer Control Program (NC BCCCP). NC BCCCP provides free or low-cost breast and cervical cancer screenings and follow-up to eligible individuals. NC BCCCP services are provided at *(clinic/organization)*. Call *(number)* to see if you qualify and schedule your mammogram.

Even with regular screening mammograms, it is important to talk to your doctor about your risk factors for developing breast cancer. The main risk factors for developing breast cancer include being a woman, being older (most breast cancers are found in women who are age 40 and up) and having changes in your BRCA1 or BRCA2 gene. The good news is that there are several things you can do to help lower your risk of developing breast cancer.

- Keep a healthy weight and exercise regularly
- Don't drink alcohol or limit the amount of alcohol you drink
- If you are taking hormone replacement therapy or birth control pills, ask your doctor about the risks
- Breastfeed your baby/babies, if possible
- If you have a family history of breast cancer or inherited changes in your BRCA1 and BRCA2 genes, talk to your doctor about other ways to lower your risk.

Talk with your doctor about your risk factors and they can help you decide how often to get a screening mammogram. For more information about NC BCCCP visit https://bcccp.dph.ncdhhs.gov/. For more information about NC BCCCP services at (organization name), or to schedule a mammogram, call (number).

Sample Proclamation

If you want to reach out to your local elected leaders to help elevate awareness, here's a proclamation template you can customize for local audiences. Please fill in local data and name/title as appropriate. Breast cancer data specific to your county can be found in the <u>Projected New Cancer Cases and Deaths for Selected Sites by County, 2025</u> table located on the NC State Center for Health Statistics website under North Carolina Cancer Projections (https://schs.dph.ncdhhs.gov/data/cancer/projections.htm).

BREAST CANCER AWARENESS MONTH

A SAMPLE PROCLAMATION

(For local governments) WHEREAS, in 2025, more than xx women in xxxxxxx County were projected to be diagnosed with breast cancer and xx were expected to die from this disease; and

WHEREAS, in the United States, there is a one-in-eight lifetime risk of developing breast cancer, and breast cancer is the second leading cause of cancer deaths for women in North Carolina, which impacts Black women at a higher rate than White women; and

WHEREAS, disparities such as income, education, access to health care, along with stress and racism are among causes of poor health among minorities on many health measures, leading to a greater need for screening and early detection of breast cancer; and

WHEREAS, the North Carolina Breast and Cervical Cancer Control Program (NC BCCCP) in the N.C. Department of Health and Human Services provides free or low-cost breast and cervical cancer screenings and follow-up to eligible uninsured or underinsured women; and

WHEREAS, with routine mammogram screening and follow-up testing, the disease can be detected early when it can be most effectively treated and save lives; and

WHEREAS, being aware of the health information, education, treatment and support methods available can help individuals find and receive the appropriate care and resources they need to improve their quality of life;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, (Local Elected Leader Name/Title) do hereby proclaim October 2025, as BREAST CANCER AWARENESS MONTH" in xxxxxx County and commend its observance to all our citizens.

Sample Reddit Ask Me Anything (AMA)

If someone in your organization is familiar with Reddit, hosting an *Ask Me Anything* (AMA) is a great way to provide information on breast cancer and NC BCCCP. Your organization can post an introduction in the *r/AMA* sub and other users can respond with questions or comments. Users can also "upvote" other questions/comments to show that they're interested in knowing the answer to those questions as well. Schedule your AMA to have a set start/stop time so you can have someone monitor the post for interactions.

Consider having one of your providers, a cancer survivor, or a patient who utilizes the program co-host with you to answer a wider variety of questions.

I'm a (job title) in the North Carolina Breast and Cervical Cancer Control Program (NC BCCCP). I help provide free or low-cost breast and cervical cancer screenings and follow-ups for eligible women in North Carolina. AMA

Sample Social Media

If your organization uses social media sites such as Facebook, Instagram, X, LinkedIn, or Threads, Breast Cancer Awareness Month is a great time to engage with your audience and educate about your services. Communication surrounding breast cancer should consider health literacy, promote patient-provider discussions of family history, risk and encourage early detection.

Sample Social Media Posts

- October is Breast Cancer Awareness Month. You may be able to reduce your risk of breast cancer by taking care of your health. To learn more: https://bccp.dph.ncdhhs.gov/breastcancer.htm
- 2. Other than skin cancer, #BreastCancer is the most common cancer in women in the US regardless of race or ethnicity. Black and African American women are more likely to die from breast cancer than all other races/ethnicities. Learn more: https://www.cancer.org/research/cancer-facts-statistics
- 3. Regular cancer screenings are the best tests doctors use to find cancer early but scheduling them can be confusing! Talk to your doctor about when you should start regular mammograms and colon cancer screenings: https://www.cdc.gov/cancer/prevention/screening.html
- 4. The North Carolina Breast & Cervical Cancer Control Program (NC BCCCP) provides free or low-cost breast & cervical cancer screenings & follow-up to eligible individuals. Learn more: https://bcccp.dph.ncdhhs.gov/Eligibility.asp#eligibility
- 5. Ten years after her breast cancer diagnosis, Carletta looks back on how her definition of bravery has changed. In <u>this video</u>, she discusses how she managed the highs and lows of being a cancer survivor and learned how to ask for help

Sample Social Media Images

































Breast Cancer and Health Equity

Breast Cancer Health Equity IN NORTH CAROLINA

BREAST CANCER is a significant public health concern in North Carolina, as it is across the United States. While advancements in detection and treatment have improved outcomes for many, disparities in breast cancer incidence, treatment, and survival

disparties in Dreas Cancer includence, treatment, and survival rates persist, particularly among certain populations. Along with prostate cancer, breast cancer is the most common new cancer diagnoses for all people in North Carolina. Addressing these disparities is crucial for achieving health equity in the state



Key Statistics

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 Breast Cancer Incidence: In North Carolina, the age-adjusted incidence rate of female breast cancer is approximately 154 cases per breast cancer is approximately 154 cases per authorized to the control of the contro

- Ispanties in Breast Cancer Outcomes:

 1. Readal Dispanties: African American women in North Carolina are less likely to be diagnosed with breast cancer than white women but have higher mortality rates. This is due to factors like limited access to core successorome differences, and the prevelence of more aggressive cancer types. like triple-negative breast Carolina have less with the carolina face to the control of the con

Initiatives to Address Disparities

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 1. N. Breast and Cervical Cancer Control Program
 (N. BCCCP): This state-run program provides
 free or low-rocis breast and cervical cancer
 screenings and diagnostic services to eligible
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 and meets are and income guideline.

 2. Community Health Worker Programs:
 These programs employ trained community
 members to provide health education,
 facilitate access to screening services, and
 process. They are particularly effective in
 reaching underserved population:





EL CÁNCER DE MAMA es un importante problema de salud pública en Carolina del Norte, al igual que en todo Estados Unidos. Si bien los avances en la detección y el tratamiento han mejorado los resultados para muchos, persisten las disparidades en la incideracia, el tratamiento y las tasas de supervivencia del cáncer de mama, particularmente entre ciertas poblaciones. Junto con el cáncer de prástata, el cáncer de mama es el nuevo disponsibu de câncer más común para todas las personas en Carolina del Norte. Abordar estas disparidades es crucial para lograr la equidad en salud en el estado.



- stadisficaci actives
 Incidienção de cáncer de mama: En Carolina del Norte, la tasia de incidencia de cáncer de mama femenino, ajestado por educar e de aprometion accionad e sida e percentamente e 154 casos por 100,000 mujeres, significativamente más ata que el promedio nacionad e 1338 por 100,000 no.
 Tasas de mortalidade; La tasa de mortalidad por cáncer demans en Carolina del Norte de 169 por cada 100,000 mujeres. Sin embargo, esta tasa es ligeramentes más ata parea tos mujeres arbonementas, con 255 por la meja ata parea tas en uniques arbonementas, con 255 por la meja ata parea tas en uniques arbonementas, con 255 por cada no cada de la efectiva de la carolina del carolina del Norte (No Breat de Cervical Cancer Control Porgam, o NE DECCE, or aliques calendades de morir a causa de la enfermedad.
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Disparidades en los resultados del cáncer de mama

- cancer or mana triple negativo.

 2. Disparládes geográficas: Las mujeres en las zonas rurales de Carolina del Norte Henen tasas de deteccimás bajas y teass de mortalidad más altas que las de las zonas urbanas. Se enfrentan a barreras como el acceso limitado a la atención médica, menos especialistas y tiempos de valge más largos.

- poblaciones destandidas.

 Allamaz con departamento y organizaciones de salud focales: Los esfueros de colaboración entre el bepartamento de Salud y Servicios inturnación de entre el bepartamento de Salud y Servicios inturnación de destandidad de destandidad de la colaboración de



Resources

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NC DPH: NC State Center for State Statistics. *North Carolina Cancer Projections*. Available at: https://schs.dph.ncdhhs.gov/data/cancer/projections.htm [Accessed 18 August 2025].

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