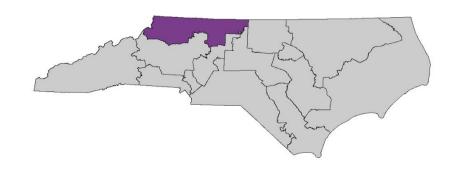
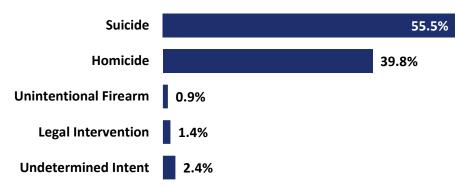
NC Violent Death Reporting System

VIOLENT DEATH IN NORTH CAROLINA: CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT 5, 2023

- An estimated 743,662 North Carolina residents reside in Congressional District 5.
- In 2023, there were 211 violent deaths from injuries sustained by individuals living in Congressional District 5.
- The majority of decedents were residents of Guilford (39.8%), Rockingham (11.9%), Caldwell (10.9%), and Stokes (8.5%) counties.



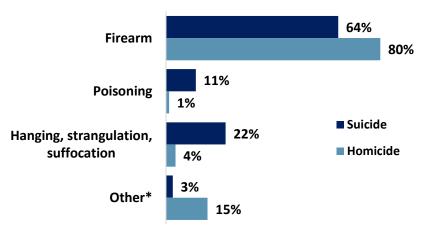
Manner of Death: Congressional District 5, NC*



• There were 117 suicides (55.5%), 84 homicides (39.8%), two unintentional firearm deaths (0.9%), three deaths from legal intervention (1.4%) and five deaths of undetermined intent (2.4%).

- Firearms were involved in 64.1% of suicides and 79.8% of homicides.
- Among homicides caused by firearms, 73.1% were caused by handguns, 0% by shotguns, and 13.4% by rifles.
- Among suicides caused by firearms, 78.7% were caused by handguns, 13.3% by shotguns, and 8% by rifles.
- The second leading method of death for suicide was hanging, strangulation, or suffocation (22.2%).

Firearms were involved in 70.7% of all homicide and suicide deaths Method of Death: Congressional District 5, NC*



*Other includes falls, motor vehicle, sharp instrument, fire/burns, unknown and other

The North Carolina Violent Death Reporting System (NC-VDRS) is a CDC-funded statewide surveillance system that collects detailed information on violent deaths that occur in North Carolina, including homicide, suicide, unintentional firearm deaths, legal intervention and deaths of undetermined intent. NC-VDRS triangulates information from death certificates, medical examiner reports, and law enforcement reports to understand and aid in the prevention of violent deaths. Data reported in this document are based on residential address of the victim and, instead of a rate, the ratio is reported. This document summarizes fatal injuries from violence that occurred in Congressional District 5 for the year 2023. Since not all deaths resulting from violence are able to be geocoded, the violent death numbers represented in this fact sheet may be slightly underestimated.

^{*}Based on the residential address of the victim

Manner of Death by Age Group: Congressional District 5, NC*

Percent
30% Homicide Suicide Overall Violent Death

25%
20%
15%
10%

- Suicides and homicides displayed different age patterns.
- Percentage of total homicides peaked among those 25-34 with 26.2% of total homicides, where percent of total suicides peaked among those 45-54 with 16.2% of total suicides.
- Percentage of overall violent deaths peaked among those 35-44 at 19.4% of total violent deaths.

*Age group percents are taken of total homicide, total suicide and total overall violent deaths

25-34

35-44

Age Group

45-54

55-64

20-24

• The majority of suicide and homicide victims were male. There were 94 male suicide victims and 58 male homicide victims, which accounted for 80.3% and 69.0% of victims, respectively.

15-19

0%

<15

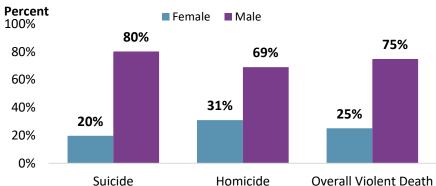
• There were 23 female suicide victims and 26 female homicide victims, which accounted for 19.7% and 31.0% of victims, respectively.

Males consistently have higher proportions of violent deaths than females

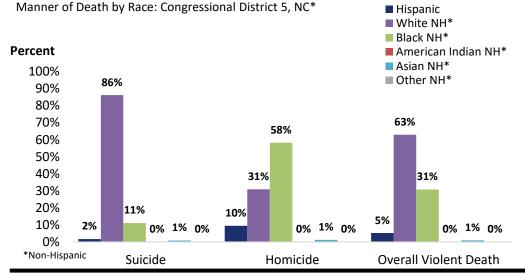
75+

Manner of Death by Sex: Congressional District 5, NC*

65-74



Uneven distributions are seen among race and manner of death



- Patterns of suicide and homicide differed by race. 86.3% of suicide victims were Non-Hispanic (NH) White while only 11.1% were NH Black.
- In contrast, 58.3% of homicide victims were NH Black, and 31.0% were NH White.
- Overall, there were 11 (5.2%)
 Hispanic, 133 (63.0%) NH White, 65 (30.8%) NH Black, 0 (0.0%) NH
 American Indian, and 2 (1.0%) NH
 Asian victims.

The North Carolina Violent Death Reporting System is supported by Cooperative Agreement 5NU17/CE002613-05-00 from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).





NCDHHS Division of Public Health / www.dph.ncdhhs.gov / Injury Epidemiology & Surveillance Unit / 919-707-5425
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2023 FINAL DATA 6/16/2025

Please see the NC-VDRS 2023 Annual Report for additional data and technical information.