May 15, 2024 - Chat Questions: Summer Camp	•	Additional comments	
Is this on DHHS website?	Yes. The rules and inspection form were also sent out on the listserve.		
		Rule .1001	
		"Public electrical service provider" means an entity that furnishes electricity for pay.	
Does "electric service" include just having their own solar power, not hooked to the grid?		"Basecamp" means the permanent base of operations of the summer camp served by permanent connection to a public electrical service provider.	
If a camp is being held at a college/university and meets the overnight lodging (dorms). Would they need permits from us?		If the college/university is under the inspection of the Pools, Tattoos, and State Instutions team then they would not need a permit from us for use of their dorms for a camp.	
If someone advertises a "craft camp" and states "lunch will be provided" that would now qualify as a summer camp?		Yes, this would need a summer camp permit. It meets the definition of a summer camp. Use the flow chart for guidance.	
WE have similar situation where we have a permitted summer camp but it is an outreach project and funding is provided to serve food to the campers.		A permit is required for food for pay unless otherwise exempt by 130A-250. Situations like this are best reviewed on a case by case basis to determine if the food is considered "for pay".	
How do you handle a camp inspection where the kitchen has a .2600 permit (offers food service to private groups for meetings/weddings)?		They are separate inspections and must be completed on the separate inspection forms. If the food establishment inspection is conducted on the same day as the summer camp inspection then the observations used to complete the food establishment inspection report can also be used to complete the Camp Food Service Kitchen portion of the summer camp inspection form.	
To be clear, the summer camp still does not have to operate only during the summer. It can operate year round (as long as they do not have a session that lasts more than 72 hours) and still be a summer camp?		There is no language in the rules limiting a summer camp to operation only in the summer. Refer to the flow chart provided regarding what falls under the summer camp rules. Summer camps may operate for >72 hours if they only provide food or lodging. If they provide food and lodging but the programs are not planned and staffed by the camp that could also be a summer camp that could operate for >72hr. Refer to the definitions of the different types of camps and the flow chart that was constructed based on those definitions.	
The items not applicable until 2025 and 2026 should still be marked out of compliance but no points assessed? Or we cannot even document the violation until 2025/2026		The provisions in .1017 that your are referring to are not effective until the effective date listed in that section. Therefore, these items would not be markable as a violation until the effective date. However, education should be provided on these provisions so that the summer camp is aware and ready when the provision becomes effective.	May 13, 2024 Weekly Update
looking at the flow chart it says that camps that provide only lodging are summer camps but if they last longer than 72 hours it is a resident camp. Do we need to change our summer camp to a resident camp because they have camps that run longer than 3 days (not day camps)?		They have to provide food AND lodging, the programs must be staffed and last greater than 72 hours - also has to have a base camp. Look back at the flow chart. There can be summer camps that operate for longer than 72 hours if the programs are not operated, staffed, and supervised by the camp. The camp should be permitted based on which camp definition the camp meets. If the camp meets the definition of a resident camp then it should meet the requirements in the .3600 rules.	
What about VRs where a cooler is out? Does GS allow a permit or application fee?		Verification of Corrective Action is not required of these rules. Do your duty to protect campers. We don't want to walk away from a PH issue. No, it allows for a plan review fee.	

I have a summer camp for pay where food is delivered from an inspected facility but served at the site. Is a summer camp permit required?		If the food is delivered in bulk and the summer camp workers are portioning, they need a permit. If the food is delivered pre-portioned, ready to serve, no permit is required.	
Are you saying a "separate" handwashing station is not required? just a sink provided for handwashing		This is for educational kitchens only- not the camp kitchen. Rule .1001 - "Educational kitchen" means a kitchen facility at base camp that can be operated by campers and staff for personal use or instructional purposes.	
If I have a Summer Feeding Site that meets the definition for Summer Camp but, does not provide lodging I assume I am still permitting them as a Summer Camp, and using the summer camp inspection form but, just counting the camp premises as in when certain items do not apply?	https://ehs.dph.ncdhhs.gov/faf/docs/foodprot/correspondence/SFSP-FlowChartBasic-Feb2017.pdf	SFS provided with packaged food = no inspection	https://ehs.dph.ncdhhs.gov/faf/docs/foodprot/correspondence/SFSP- FlowChartAdvanced-Feb2017.pdf
Will you publish the marking instructions	The marking instructions were emailed in the weekly update and yes, they will be added to the website.	May 13, 2024 Weekly Update	
If a permitted summer camp prepares meals/food for campers but the funding comes from another source is it still a summer camp.		A permit is required for food for pay unless otherwise exempt by 130A-250.	
Why am I not seeing Resident Camp & Primitive Experience Camp rules on the DHHS website? Will they be included on the new website?	They are at the bottom of the Rules page.		
How should we document the delayed enforcement items?		Not applicable until the enforcement date but may be noted on the inspection form as a comment.	
How do you distinguish between "lunch will be provided " vs the cost of lunch being included in the registration		Lunch with a registration fee is food for pay.	
I may have heard wrong, but in the .2600 situation did Chad state 3 inspection during normal operating times during the year and a 4th inspection during summer camp operations? Catawba College operates this way.		The .2600 permitted establishment would be inspected at the required frequency for the assigned category. The summer camp would be inspected one time per year. If the .2600 permitted establishment also serves as the summer camp food service kitchen, and both the .2600 inspection and the camp inspection are done on the same day, then the data from the .2600 inspection can be used to complete the camp food service kitchen portion of the summer camp inspection form.	
Under Resident camp they get inspected twice a year. Come after October they are closed until next season. Am I just using a C status and using visit for justification?		For seasonal resident camp that operates less than 6 months during the year, B status should be used during the six month period that the camp is closed.	
So can a summer camp serve only prepackaged food from a permitted facility in single service containers and not require a permit from us?	Flow charts provided		
If a summer camp also prepares food for a summer feeding site, do they have to obtain a .2600 permit?	See Summer Feeding Flow Charts		
Can the state provide fillable inspection forms since CDP stated at their CCB meeting yesterday that they would not have these new forms anytime soon and we are to complete the inspections by hand and attach them to the files in CDP.			