North Carolina Spotted Fever Rickettsiosis Algorithm

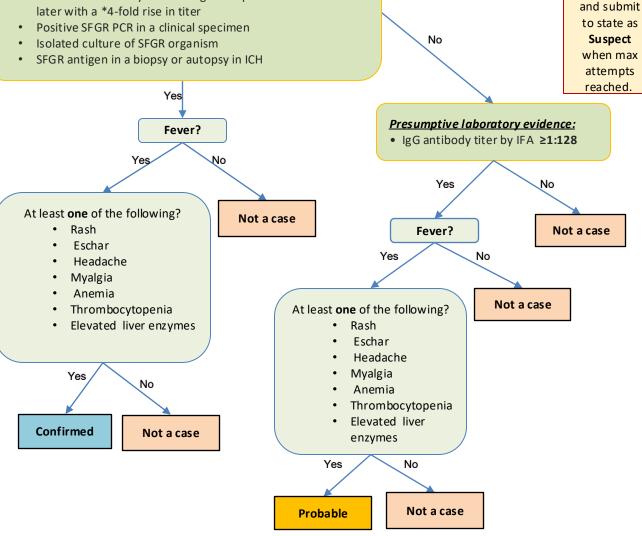
Refer to <u>NC CD Manual</u> for detailed information

Helpful Tips:

- A single IgG titer of 1:64 or a positive IgM alone does not meet laboratory criteria and does not require investigation.
- Symptom onset date is important, collection date for presumptive laboratory evidence <u>MUST</u> be within 60 days of symptom onset – if symptom onset is > 60 days prior, then not a case.
- Fever remains a required element for SFR case definition.
- *A four-fold rise in titer is equivalent to a change of two dilutions (e.g., 1:64 to 1:256)

Confirmatory laboratory evidence:

Positive serum Spotted Fever Group Rickettsia (SFGR) IgG
IFA test followed by a second IgG test performed 2-10 weeks
later with a *4-fold rise in titer



Always follow your

CD investigation

policy regarding #

of attempts

for records