

North Carolina Statewide Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report July 6-July 12, 2025



Statewide Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness (HRI) emergency department (ED) visits this season to date is 2.8 per 100,000 population.

This week (July 6-July 12, 2025):

- There were 550* HRI ED visits (0.55% of total ED visits), with a rate of 5.2 per 100,000 population
- The rate was highest among males aged 20-24 years (13.1 per 100,000 population) (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in the **Foothills (8.5 per 100,000 population)**. (Figure 2; Region 6)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n = 181; 56%) (Table 1)
- The maximum daily heat index ranged from 86.2 to 108.6°F at Raleigh-Durham International Airport (Figure 3)
- There were 7 days when the minimum temperature was above 70°F

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age

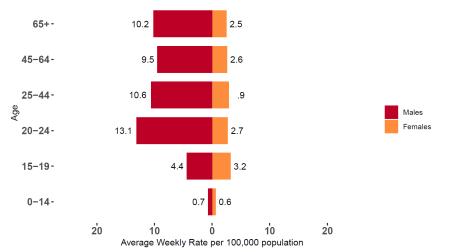
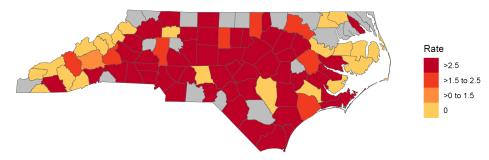


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Table 1. Heat related limess LB visits by Severity			
Severity§	Number (N = 323 [‡])	Percent [†]	
Heat Cramps	12	3.7	
Heat Exhaustion	181	56	
Heat Stroke	5	1.5	
Heat Syncope	31	9.6	
Other Effects	94	29.1	

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 227
- † May not total 100 due to rounding

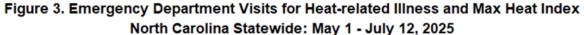
 $\|$ other effects include heat fatigue, heat edema, other effects of heat and light, and other effects unspecified

*The 550 total HRI ED visits includes 32 visits that were missing county of residence. These 32 visits are excluded from the regional reports



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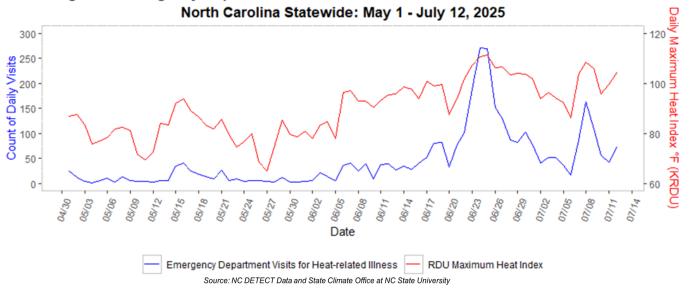
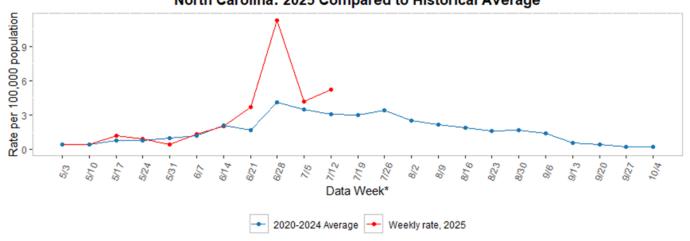


Figure 4. Rate of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness North Carolina: 2025 Compared to Historical Average





North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Southeast NC (Region 1) July 6-July 12, 2025



Southeast NC (Region 1) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 3.6 per 100,000 population.

This week (July 6-July 12, 2025):

- There were 45 HRI ED visits (0.5% of total ED visits), with a rate of 5.1 per 100,000 population
- The rate was highest among males aged 25-44 years (13.5 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population) (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Craven County (8.9 per 100,000 population) (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n = 18; 66.7%) (Table 1)
- The maximum daily heat index ranged from **88.1 to 103.2°F** at Wilmington International Airport (Figure 3)
- There were 7 days when the minimum temperature was above 70°F

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Southeast (Region 1)

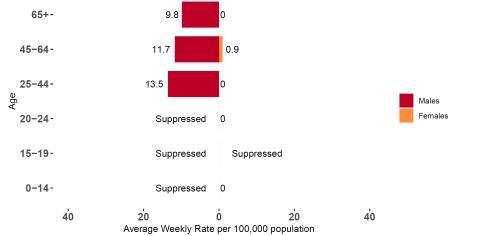
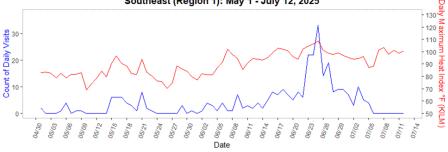


Figure 2. Average Weekly Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Southeast (Region 1)



Rates based on counts between 1–4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index Southeast (Region 1): May 1 - July 12, 2025



Emergency Department Visits for Heal-related Illness KILM Daily Maximum Heat Index
Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

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Severity [§]	Number (N = 27 [‡])	Percent [†]	
Heat Exhaustion	18	66.7	
Heat Syncope	1	3.7	
Other Effects	8	29.6	

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 18
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: North Central NC (Region 2) July 6-July 12, 2025



North Central NC (Region 2) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 2.4 per 100,000 population.

This week (July 6-July 12, 2025):

- There were 105 HRI ED visits (0.6% of total ED visits), with a rate of 4.9 per 100,000 population
- The rate was highest among males aged 65+ years (13.7 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population) (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Rockingham County (8.7 per 100,000 population) (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n = 30; 54.5%) (Table 1)
- The maximum daily heat index ranged from 76.5 to 100.2°F at Piedmont Triad International Airport (Figure 3)
- There were 6 days when the minimum temperature was above 70°F

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age North Central (Region 2)

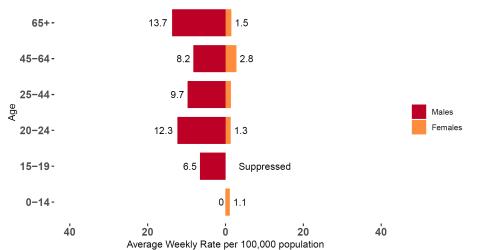
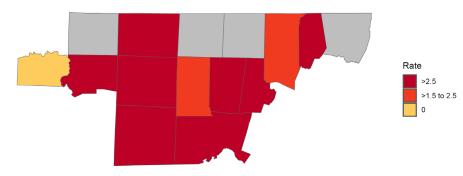
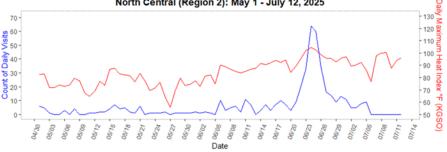


Figure 2. Average Weekly Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population North Central (Region 2)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index North Central (Region 2): May 1 - July 12, 2025



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KGSO Daily Maximum Heat Index Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

rable 1: fleat related filliess LD visits by severity			
Severity [§] Number (N = 55 [‡]) Percent [†]			
Heat Cramps	3	5.5	
Heat Exhaustion	30	54.5	
Heat Stroke	1	1.8	
Heat Syncope	9	16.4	
Other Effects	12	21.8	

- § Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:
- https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html
- **‡** Missing severity data = 50
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Northeast (Region 3) July 6-July 12, 2025



Northeastern NC (Region 3) Key Messages

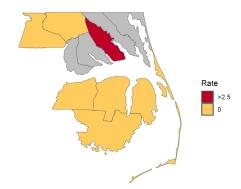
The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 3.9 per 100,000 population

This week (July 6-July 12, 2025):

- There were 7 HRI ED visits (0.3% of total ED visits), with a rate of 3.6 per 100,000 population
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Pasquotank County (4.9 per 100,000 population) (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was other effects (n = 4; 66.7%) (Table 1)
- The maximum daily heat index ranged from 101.1 to 111.1°F at Pitt-Greenville Airport (Figure 3)
- There were **7** days when the minimum temperature was above 70°F

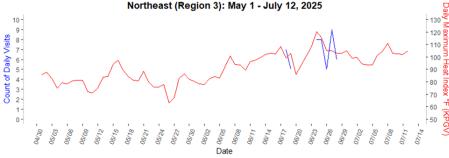
Figure 1 is not provided for the Northeast region this week due to the small number of ED visits for heat-related illness.

Figure 2. Average Weekly Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Northeast (Region 3)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KPGV Daily Maximum Heat Index Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Tuble 11 fleat felated lilless ED visits by Severity			
Severity§	Number (N = 6 [‡])	Percent [†]	
Heat Exhaustion	2	33.3	
Other Effects	4	66.7	

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 1
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: South Central NC (Region 4) July 6-July 12, 2025



South Central NC (Region 4) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 2.4 per 100,000 population

This week (July 6-July 12, 2025):

- There were **129** HRI ED visits (0.5% of total ED visits), with a rate of **5 per 100,000 population**
- The rate was highest among males aged 20-24 years (15.2 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population) (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Davidson County (11.1 per 100,000 population) (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n = 44; 53.7%) (Table 1)
- The maximum heat daily index ranged from 89.4 to 101.5°F at Charlotte/Douglas International Airport (Figure 3)
- There were 7 days when the minimum temperature was above 70°F

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age South Central (Region 4)

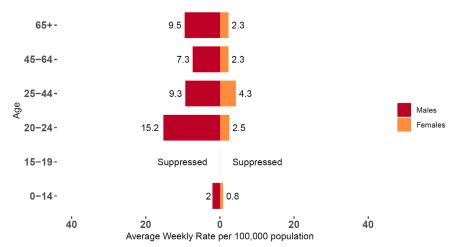
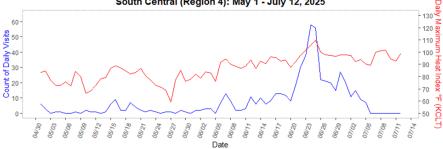


Figure 2. Average Weekly Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population South Central (Region 4)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index South Central (Region 4): May 1 - July 12, 2025



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KCLT Daily Maximum Heat Index
Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity [§] Number (N = 82 [‡]) Percent [†]			
Heat Cramps	5	6.1	
Heat Exhaustion	44	53.7	
Heat Stroke	8	9.8	
Heat Syncope	25	30.5	
Other Effects	5	6.1	

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

‡ Missing severity data = 47

† May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-Illness Surveillance Report: North Coastal Plain (Region 5) June 29-July 5, 2025

NC DETECT 1

North Coastal Plain Area (Region 5) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 2.8 per 100,000 population.

This week (July 6-July 12, 2025):

- There were 111 HRI ED visits (0.6% of total ED visits), with a rate of 5.1 per 100,000 population
- The rate was highest among males aged 20-24 years (19.7 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population) (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Beaufort County (13.5 per 100,000 population) (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n = 40; 58%) (Table 1)
- The maximum daily heat index ranged from 86.7 to 107.4°F at Rocky Mount-Wilson Regional Airport (Figure 3)
- There were **7** days when the minimum temperature was above 70°F

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age
North Coastal Plain (Region 5)

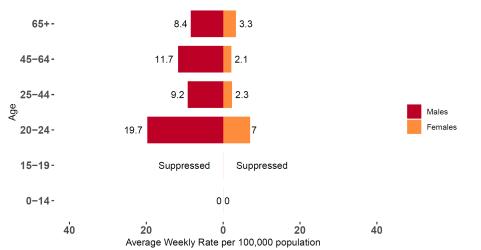
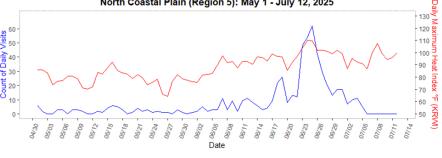


Figure 2. Average Weekly Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population North Coastal Plain (Region 5)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index North Coastal Plain (Region 5): May 1 - July 12, 2025



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KRWI Daily Maximum Heat Index Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Table 2. Heat related lilless 25 visits by Severity			
Severity§ Number (N = 69 [‡]) Percent [†]			
Heat Cramps	2	2.9	
Heat Exhaustion	40	58	
Heat Stroke	1	1.4	
Heat Syncope	4	5.8	
Other Effects	22	31.9	

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 42
- † May not total 100 due to rounding





Foothills Area (Region 6) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 3.8 per 100,000 population.

This week (July 6-July 12, 2025):

- There were 40 HRI ED visits (0.8% of total ED visits), with a rate of
 8.5 per 100,000 population
- The rate was highest among males aged 45-64 years (19.5 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population) (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Burke County (15.9 per 100,000 population) (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n = 14; 66.7%) (Table 1)
- The maximum daily heat index ranged from 92.4 to 101.7°F at Morganton-Lenoir Airport (Figure 3)
- There was 1 day when the minimum temperature was above 70°F

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Foothills (Region 6)

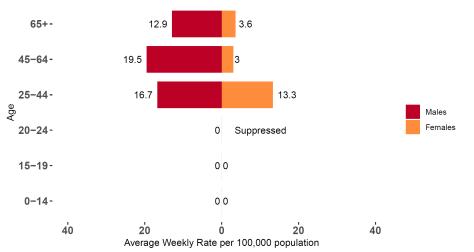
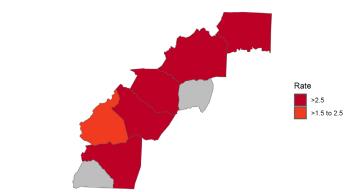
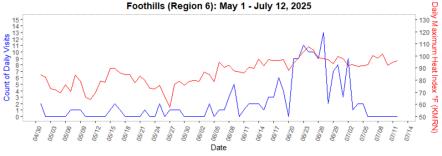


Figure 2. Average Weekly Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Foothills (Region 6)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index
Footbills (Region 6): May 1 - July 12, 2025



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KMRN Daily Maximum Heat Index
Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Table 1: Heat related liffless ED visits by Severity			
Severity [§] Number (N = 21 [‡]) Percent [†]			
Heat Cramps	1	4.8	
Heat Exhaustion	14	66.7	
Heat Stroke	1	4.8	
Heat Syncope	1	4.8	
Other Effects	4	19	

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 19
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Sandhills (Region 7) July 6-July 12, 2025



Sandhills Area (Region 7) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 3.1 per 100,000 population.**

This week (July 6-July 12, 2025):

- There were 68 HRI ED visits (0.6% of total ED visits), with a rate of 5.3 per 100,000 population
- The rate was highest among males aged 25-44 years (13.1 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population) (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Richmond County (11.7 per 100,000 population) (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n = 20; 48.8%) (Table 1)
- The maximum daily heat index ranged from **83.2 to 108.4°F** at Fayetteville Regional/Grannis Field Airport (Figure 3)
- There were 7 days when the minimum temperature was above 70°F

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Sandhills (Region 7)

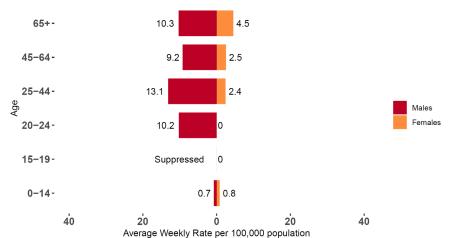
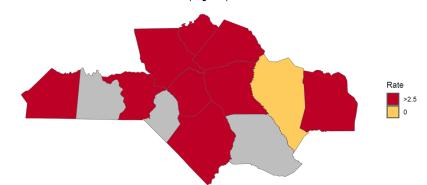
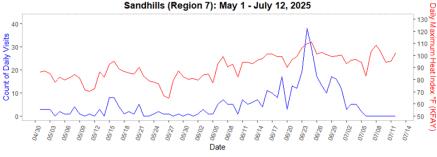


Figure 2. Average Weekly Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Sandhills (Region 7)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index
Sandhills (Region 7): May 1 - July 12, 2025



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KFAY Daily Maximum Heat Index
Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 41 [‡])	Percent [†]
Heat Cramps	1	2.4
Heat Exhaustion	20	48.8
Heat Stroke	2	4.9
Heat Syncope	5	12.2
Other Effects	13	31.7

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 27
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Mountains (Region 8) July 6-July 12, 2025



Mountain Area (Region 8) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 0.8 per 100,000 population.

This week (July 6-July 12, 2025):

- There were **13** HRI ED visits (0.2% of total ED visits), with a rate of **1.6 per 100,000 population**
- The rate was highest among males aged 25-44 years (4.3 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population) (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Henderson County (4.3 per 100,000 population) (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n = 4; 80%) (Table 1)
- The maximum daily heat index ranged from 80 to 91.8°F at Asheville Regional Airport (Figure 3)
- The daily minimum temperature was below 70 °F on all 7 days this week

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Mountains (Region 8)

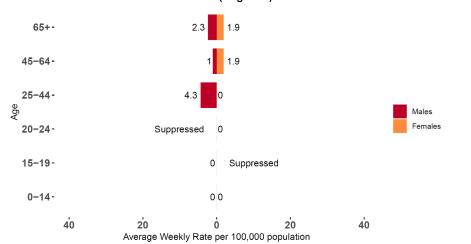
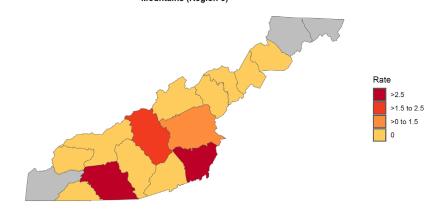
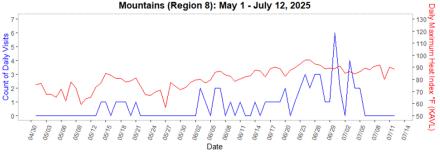


Figure 2. Average Weekly Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Mountains (Region 8)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KAVL Daily Maximum Heat Index
Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity [§]	Number (N = 5 [‡])	Percent [†]
Heat Exhaustion	4	80
Heat Syncope	1	20

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories: https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

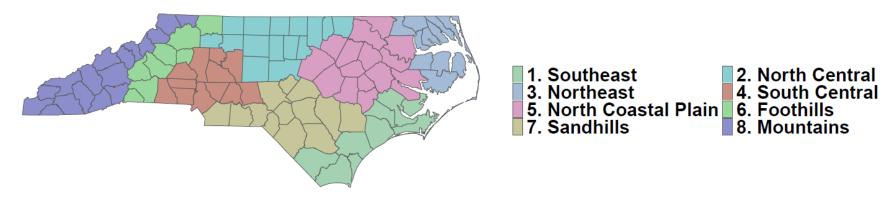
- **‡** Missing severity data = 8
- † May not total 100 due to rounding





North Carolina HRI Surveillance Regions

(updated for 2025 to match the new Heat Health Alert System regions)



About the data

The heat-related illness data in the report is from NC DETECT. NC DETECT is a statewide public health syndromic surveillance system, funded by the NC Division of Public Health (NC DPH) Federal Public Health Emergency Preparedness Grant and managed through collaboration between NC DPH and the UNC-CH Department of Emergency Medicine's Carolina Center for Health Informatics. The NC DETECT Data Oversight Committee is not responsible for the scientific validity or accuracy of methodology, results, statistical analyses, or conclusions presented.

Climate data

The maximum heat index and minimum temperature data in this report are from the North Carolina State Climate Office. The Raleigh-Durham International Airport weather station (RDU) was selected to represent the climate data for the statewide report. One weather station from each region was selected to represent the climate data for each region. The weather station locations and their corresponding regions are as follows:

Wilmington International Airport (ILM) – Southeast (Region 1), Piedmont Triad Airport (GSO) – North Central (Region 2), Pitt-Greenville Airport (PGV) – Northeast (Region 3), Charlotte/Douglas International Airport (CLT) – South Central (Region 4),

Rocky Mount-Wilson Regional Airport (RWI) – North Coastal Plain (Region 5), Morganton-Lenoir Airport (MRN) – Foothills (Region 6), Fayetteville Regional/Grannis Field Airport (FAY) – Sandhills (Region 7), Asheville Regional Airport (AVL) – Mountains (Region 8). During 6/19, climate data was obtained from the NC School of Science and Math - Morganton (MORG) EcoNet weather station (Foothills, Region 6).

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