NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC HEALTH ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SECTION ONSITE WATER PROTECTION BRANCH

INNOVATIVE WASTEWATER SYSTEM APPROVAL

Innovative Wastewater System Approval Number: IWWS 2024-01-R1

Issued To: Prinsco

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For: Prinsco Pro4/36 Chamber System

Approval Date: February 7, 2024 Innovative Status First Granted for Prinsco Pro4/36

Chambers

December 31, 2024 Update trench depth to align with 18E, modify

requirement for use of filter fabric, and renewed for

2025

In accordance with G.S. 130A-343 and 15A NCAC 18E Section .1700, an application by Prinsco for a renewal of their chamber trench system has been reviewed and found to meet the requirements of an Innovative system when the following conditions are met.

I. General

- A. The scope of this Innovative Approval includes the use, design, and installation requirements for Pro4/36 chamber systems for new and repair systems.
- B. The Pro4/36 chamber has been found to meet the standards of an innovative system.

II. System Description

- A. Minimum pretreatment by septic tank as required in 15A NCAC 18E .0801.
- B. The Pro4/36 chamber consists of injection molded high density polyethylene. Twenty-five Pro4/36 chambers are approximately equal to 100 linear feet.

Table I - Chamber Dimensions

Model	Height (in)	Invert¹ Height (in)
Pro4/36	12	7

¹Invert Height is for a 4-inch diameter Schedule 40 PVC Pipe

C. Each chamber unit is designed to mechanically interlock with the downstream chamber forming a complete trench that consists of an inlet plate with a splash plate located below the inlet on the trench bottom and a solid end plate to be located at the distal end of any chamber trench.

III. Siting Criteria

Chamber systems may be utilized on any site on which a conventional wastewater system can be installed, and which meets the following criteria:

- A. Sites which are classified as Suitable for a conventional wastewater system in accordance with 15A NCAC 18E .0509(a) through (c).
- B. Sites which meet the criteria for new or existing fill in accordance with 15A NCAC 18E .0909. The provisions of Rule .0909 are applicable whenever any portion of the chamber in a system extends into fill material. There shall be no reduction in trench length compared to a conventional wastewater system. This reference to "fill material" applies to the site fill and not the backfill placed between the trench and the chamber sidewall.
- C. The required vertical separation shall be measured from the bottom edge of the chamber.

IV. System Sizing

A. The maximum long-term acceptance rate (LTAR) shall be as follows:

LTAR (gpd/sq ft) **Textural Group** Natural Soil Saprolite Sands 0.6-0.8 Soil Group I 0.8-1.0* Loamy Sand 0.5-0.7 Soil Group II Sandy Loam 0.4-0.6 0.6-0.8 Loam 0.2-0.4 Soil Group III Silt Loam 0.1-0.3 0.3-0.6 Other Fine Loams NA Soil Group IV Clays 0.1-0.4 NA

Table II – LTAR for Chambers

- B. The LTAR shall be based on the most limiting, naturally occurring soil horizon to a depth of 12 inches below the infiltrative surface or 18 inches to any soil wetness condition if more than six inches of the separation consists of Group I soils.
- C. To determine the total trench bottom area (ft²) required, the design daily flow shall be divided

^{*} For sites where the LTAR exceeds 1.0 gpd/sq ft, use 1.0 gpd/sq ft.

by the applicable LTAR shown in Table II. The minimum linear footage for chamber systems shall be determined by dividing the total trench bottom area by the equivalency factor in Table III.

Table III - Chamber Trench Width and Equivalency Factors

Product	Excavated Trench Width (inches)	Equivalency Factor* (SF/LF)
Pro4/36	36	4.00

Reduction in trench length allowed by use of these Equivalency Factors, as compared to sizing requirements delineated in Rule .0901 for conventional wastewater systems, apply only to dispersal field receiving domestic strength effluent or better quality. Any proposed use of the system for facilities producing high strength effluent shall be sized in adherence with the conditions set forth in Rule .1713(5) and (6).

Example:

Three bedroom residence with a design daily sewage flow of 360 gallons on a sandy clay loam (Group III) soil

Total computed trench bottom area is:

 $360 \text{ gpd}/0.5 \text{ LTAR} = 720 \text{ ft}^2$

The required linear footage for the Prinsco chamber system is:

 $720 \text{ ft}^2/4.0 \text{ ft} = 180 \text{ linear ft}$

Where 4.0 ft. is the equivalency factor for the Prinsco chamber system

D. The sizing for the Pro4/36 chamber end cap shall be determined by the equivalency factor in Table IV.

Table IV – Equivalency Factors for End Cap Systems and Mid-Line Connections

Product	Excavated Trench Width (inches)	Approved Chamber Equivalency Factor Linear Foot Basis ¹ (SF/LF)	Linear Feet of Chamber Credit per Pair when Placed at Ends of Chamber Line (LF) ²	Linear Feet of Chamber Credit per Unit when Placed as a Mid-Line Connection (LF)
Pro4/36 End Cap	36	4.0	2	NA

¹Actual linear-foot equivalency rating of compatible chamber part.

- E. The minimum area (without reduction or equivalency factor) for a bed system in natural soil shall be determined as required in 15A NCAC 18E .0903 except that the chambers shall be placed in rows next to each other. The requirements of 15A NCAC 18A .0903 shall be met for the installation of a bed system.
- F. The available space requirements of Rule .0508 shall be met, and this approved innovative system may be designated as the required replacement system.
- V. Special Site Evaluation

² Must install two end cap parts to get the approved linear feet of chamber credit.

A special site evaluation may be required based on the proposed dispersal system. Refer to Rule 15A NCAC 18E .0510.

VI. Design Criteria

Refer to Siting Criteria (Section III) and Installation (Section VII) for installation details.

VII. Installation

- A. Chamber systems used in trenches shall be installed according to the minimum and maximum dimensions in Table V.
- B. The inlet to the chamber shall be in the uppermost portion of the end cap. For dosed systems receiving effluent from a pump or siphon, manufacturer's installation procedures shall be followed, including provisions to dissipate inflow rate so as to minimize soil scouring and modifications that enable the presence and effectiveness of these provisions to be field verified.

Table V – Trench Installation Requirements

Model	Maximum Trench Width (in)	Minimum Trench Depth (in)	Minimum Trench Spacing (ft on center)	Minimum Soil Cover (in)
Pro4/36	36	12	9	6

C. Backfill shall be placed between the trench and chamber sidewall to a minimum compacted (carefully walked in) height that is equal to the top of the chamber louvers. Chamber systems can be installed utilizing native soil backfill (Group I, II, III, or IV). Backfill shall be free of trash or debris. The area adjacent to louvers shall be free of large (eight inches or greater) clods that do not break apart during the walk-in procedure. The latest version of the manufacturer's installation procedure shall be followed.

Vehicular traffic or construction equipment may traverse the chamber system only when the load is bridged over the trench so as not to disturb the chambers. The load may be bridged with a minimum of six inches of compacted soil cover.

- D. Chamber trenches shall be constructed level in all directions with a plus or minus one-half-inch tolerance from side-to-side and maximum fall in a single trench bottom not exceeding one-fourth inch in 10 feet end-to-end for any continuous contoured segment. Trenches shall follow the contour of the ground surface elevation. Trenches shall be constructed with continuous interlocking chambers, including appurtenances, without any dams, stepdowns, or other water stops, except as described in VII.E.
- E. Chamber systems installed on a sloping site may use distribution devices or stepdowns as described in 15A NCAC 18E .0901(g)(9) and (11) when it is necessary to change level line segments from upper to lower elevations.
- F. The manufacturer's installation instructions for the chamber system used in onsite wastewater

systems shall be followed except as required herein or 15A NCAC 18E.

- G. All chamber systems shall be installed by an installer certified in writing by the manufacturer or its authorized representative.
- H. All chamber systems shall be installed with compatible end caps at the inlet and distal ends of each chamber row.
- I. For low-pressure pipe applications, follow the manufacturer's guidelines. Sleeving the pressurized pipe within a larger-diameter pipe is not required, recommended, or prohibited.

VIII. Operation, Maintenance, and Monitoring

Chamber systems shall have a classification of IIIg in accordance with Table XXXII of 15A NCAC 18E .1301.

IX. Responsibilities and Permitting

- A. An owner may submit an application to the local health department (LHD) requesting the use of this approved product or may submit a request in writing to the LHD to use this product on a site for which an improvement permit and/or construction authorization has been previously issued. The LHD shall confirm the installation of the approved chamber is contained within the approved soil area and meets site conditions. The LHD shall include the change in system on the operation permit.
- B. Any person installing the chamber system shall be authorized in writing by Prinsco or its authorized representative to install the chamber system. The installer shall provide the written authorization upon request by the State or LHD.
- C. Improvement Permits (IP) or Construction Authorizations (CA) issued by the LHD shall have a soil and site evaluation conducted either by the LHD, LSS, or AOWE. The NOI shall include a soil and site evaluation conducted by an LSS.
- D. The IP, CA, and NOI shall contain all the conditions the site approval is based upon, including the proposed use of the Innovative system. The OP will include all the conditions specified in the IP and the CA. The Authorization to Operate (ATO) should include all the conditions specified in the NOI.
- E. The LHD shall issue the OP after the following:
 - 1. Field verification that the installation has been completed;
 - 2. Receipt of written documentation from the authorized designer or PE that the system has been designed, installed, and is operating in accordance with the approved plans; and
 - 3. All necessary legal documents have been completed, including the contract between the system owner and the authorized operator.

The LHD shall issue the OP for an (a2) and (a5) application after all necessary legal documents have been completed, including the contract between the system owner and the authorized operator if

	y 29, 2024 ge 6 of 6
	required.
	The ATO shall be submitted to the LHD in accordance with G.S. 130A-336.1 and G.S. 130A-336.2.
X.	Repair of Systems
	The provisions of 15A NCAC 18E .1306 shall apply to the use of chamber systems for repairs to existing malfunctioning on-site wastewater systems.

Approved by:_______Date:_____

IWWS 2024-01-R1